



Ecology and technology of plant polymers

Basics of standardization

Working program of the academic discipline (Syllabus)

Details of the academic discipline						
Level of higher education	Second (master's)					
Branch of knowledge	16 Chemical and bioengineering					
Specialty	161 Chemical technologies and engineering					
Educational program	Industrial ecology and resource-efficient clean technologies					
Discipline status	Selective					
Form of education	correspondence (day)/distance/mixed					
Year of training, semester	1st year, spring semester					
Scope of the discipline	4.0 credits (120 hours)					
Semester control/ control measures	Test					
Lessons schedule	12 hours (6 hours of lectures + 6 hours of practical classes)					
Language of teaching	Ukrainian					
Information about the course leader / teachers	Lecturer: https://eco-paper.kpi.ua/pro-kafedru/vykladachi/vizytky/Ploskonos-Victor-Grigorovych.html Practical / Seminar: https://eco-paper.kpi.ua/pro-kafedru/vykladachi/vizytky/ Ploskonos-Victor-Grigorovych.html					
Placement of the course	https://do.ipo.kpi.ua/course/view.php?id=4395					

Program of educational discipline

1. Description of the educational discipline, its purpose, subject of study and learning outcomes

The knowledge acquired in the process of studying the academic discipline will allow you to understand the basics of the organization of standardization activities in Ukraine and the leading countries of Europe and the world; acquire skills in the developed state standards of Ukraine (DSTU), technical conditions (TU U) for the production of paper and cardboard; understand, how to use the acquired knowledge in the field of assessment of product compliance with the requirements of state standards of Ukraine.

Subject of the educational discipline "Fundamentals of standardization" - the essence of standardization and its role in increasing the efficiency of the development of the national economy of Ukraine; standardization bodies, their functions; types of standards, procedure for development and approval of standards; marking of products with signs of compliance with the requirements of DSTU and responsibility for violation of the mandatory requirements of the standards; state control and supervision of compliance with the mandatory requirements of the standards; international cooperation in the field of standardization; international standardization in ISO and IES; standardization in European organizations; international standardization and its prospects; the procedure for the development, approval and implementation of technological regulations and technical specifications in Ukraine; confirmation of conformity of products in Ukraine; organization of testing laboratories.

To a large extent, the solution of the set tasks will be determined by the level of training of specialists who solve the issue of resource conservation, including scientific institutions and organizations, enterprises.

In order to successfully solve tasks, specialists must be fluent in information, able to solve complex problems of modeling situations at the highest scientific level.

The purpose of the educational discipline "Basics of standardization"

The goal of the educational discipline is the formation of students' competencies:

- -Ability to search, process and analyze information from various sources;
- -Ability to independently develop technological projects through creative application of existing and generation of new ideas;
 - Ability to demonstrate knowledge and own conclusions to specialists and non-specialists.
- 1.2. According to the requirements of the program of the educational discipline "Fundamentals of standardization", after mastering it, students must demonstrate the following learning outcomes:
- Search for the necessary information on chemical technology, processes and equipment for the production of chemicals and materials based on them, systematize, analyze and evaluate the relevant information;
- Develop and implement projects in the field of chemical technologies and related interdisciplinary projects taking into account social, economic, environmental and legal aspects;
- Search scientific and technical literature, patents, databases, and other sources for necessary information on chemical technology, processes and equipment for production of chemical substances and materials based on them, systematize, and analyze and evaluate relevant information.

2. Pre-requisites and post-requisites of the discipline (place in the structural and logical scheme of training according to the relevant educational program)

Studying the discipline"Fundamentals of standardization" is based on the principles of integration of various knowledge acquired by students during the bachelor's and the 1st semester of master's studies during the study of engineering disciplines. The "Fundamentals of Standardization" discipline is the foundation that should providesolution of technical problems and aimed at deep rethinking of existing and creation of new holistic knowledge and professional practice.

3. Content of the academic discipline

CHAPTER 1 STANDARDIZATION

Topic 1 Standardization, purpose, principles and objects of standardization

Brief history of standardization, metrology and certification. Main results, purpose, principles and objects of standardization.

Topic 2 Standardization bodies, their functions

Standardization bodies, their functions. Types of standards. Procedure for development and approval of standards. Basics of standardization. National standardization system. Scientific and methodical bases of standardization. Organization of work on standardization in Ukraine. The essence of standardization and its role in increasing the efficiency of the development of the national economy. Classification and coding of scientific, technical, economic and social information.

Topic 3 Organization of standardization work in Ukraine

Organization of standardization work in Ukraine. General provisions, rules and tasks of standardization. Marking of products with signs of compliance with DSTU requirements. Liability for violation of mandatory requirements of standards. State control and supervision of compliance with the mandatory requirements of the standards. International cooperation in the field of standardization. Financing of standardization works. Information provision of standardization, its services and ownership of standards. Improvement of the state standardization system and Ukraine's entry into the WTO. Harmonization of standards.

Topic 4 Standardization in international organizations

Standardization in international organizations. Standardization in ISO. Standardization in IES. Standardization in European organizations. Standardization in the CIS. Prospects of international standardization.

Topic 5 Standardization in foreign countries

Standardization in foreign countries. Standardization in the USA. Standardization in Great Britain. Standardization in France. Standardization in Germany. Standardization in Japan.

Topic 6 Procedure for development, approval and implementation of technological regulations and TU U in Ukraine

Procedure for development, approval and implementation of Technical Specifications in Ukraine. Introduction. Normative links. Terms. Construction rules. teaching and design. Rules of consent and acceptance. Marking rules.

Procedure for development, approval and implementation of technological regulations. Terms. Composition of technological regulations. Requirements for the content of the main section of the technological regulation. Procedure for developing technological regulations. The procedure for drawing up technological regulations. The procedure for agreeing technological regulations. The procedure for approval and registration of technological regulations. Term of validity of the technological regulation. The procedure for canceling the technological regulation. Control over implementation and responsibility for violations of technological regulations.

Topic 7 Confirmation of conformity of products in Ukraine

Confirmation of conformity of products in Ukraine. General provisions, terms and definitions. Basic principles of state policy in the field of conformity confirmation. Confirmation procedure and national mark of conformity. Funding of compliance activities. International cooperation of Ukraine in the field of compliance verification.

Topic 8 Organization of testing laboratories

General requirements for testing laboratories. Technical competence. Laboratory staff. Premises and environment. Testing equipment and measuring equipment. Test methods and procedures.

Quality system. Products and products being tested. Testing equipment and measuring equipment. Accreditation of testing laboratories. Inspection control over the activities of accredited laboratories.

4. Educational materials and resources

Basic literature

- 1. Yermilova N.V., Kyslytsia S.G. "New sources of standardization and methodology" : Study guide / Poltava: PoltNTU, 2017. 141 p.
 - 2. Bozhenko L.I. Metrology, standardization, certification and accreditation. Lviv: Afisha, 2016. 324

3. Korsun V.I., Belan V.T., Glukhova N.V. Standardization, Metrology, Certification, Accreditation: Study guide / - Dnipro: NSU, 2011. - 150 p.

Additional literature

- 4. Law of Ukraine on Standardization, No. 1058, Kyiv, June 15, 2014.
- 5. DSTU 3410-96 UkrSEPRO certification system. Substantive provisions.
- 6. Primakov SP., Barbash V.A. Technology of paper and cardboard. K.: ECMO, 2002.-396 p.
- 7. DSTU 2926-94 Quality systems. Complexes of quality management are system and technological. Substantive provisions.
 - 8. ISO 9000 series standards.
 - 9. European standards of the EN 4500 series.

Information resources on the Internet

Electronic resources from the course "Basics of standardization", namely:

- curriculum of the discipline,
- credit module syllabus,

located at http://www.eco-paper.kpi.ua/for-student, as well as in the e-campus

Association of Ukrainian pulp and paper enterprises "UkrPapir"- ukrbim@naverex.kiev.ua

Educational content

Methods of mastering an educational discipline (educational component)Lecture classes

Lectures are aimed at:

- provision of modern, integral, interdependent knowledge in the discipline "Fundamentals of standardization", the level of which is determined by the target attitude to each specific topic;
 - ensuring creative work of students together with the teacher during the lecture;
- education of students' professional and business qualities and development of their independent creative thinking;
 - forming the necessary interest in students and providing direction for independent work;
 - definition at the current level of scientific development in the field of standardization;
- reflection of the methodical processing of the material (highlighting of the main provisions, conclusions, recommendations, their wording is clear and adequate);
- the use of visual materials for demonstration, combining them, if possible, with the demonstration of research results;
- teaching research materials in clear and high-quality language with observance of structural and logical connections, clarification of all newly introduced terms and concepts;
 - accessibility for perception by this audience.

No. z/p	The name of the topic of the lecture and a list of the main questions (a list of didactic tools, references to the literature and tasks on the SRS)	
1	CHAPTER 1 BASICS OF STANDARDIZATION Topic 1 Standardization. Basic concepts. Terms and definitions Lecture No. 1. Standardization. Basic terms and definitions. Condensed historical information about standardization. Literature: [4] p12-21; [1] pp. 6-14. Tasks on SRS Main results, purpose, principles and objects of standardization.	

	Topic 2 Classification of regulatory documentation (ND), procedure for	
	development and approval of standards	
	Lecture No. 2. Standardization bodies, their functions. Types of standards.	
	Procedure for development and approval of standards.	
	Literature: [2] pp. 34-41; [4] pp. 29-44.	
	Tasks on SRS Fundamentals of standardization. National standardization	
	system. Scientific and methodical bases of standardization. Organization of work	
	on standardization in Ukraine. The essence of standardization and its role in	
	increasing the efficiency of the development of the national economy.	
	Classification and coding of scientific, technical, economic and social	
	information	
2	Topic 3 Organization of standardization work in Ukraine	1
	Lectures No. 3-4. General provisions, rules and tasks of standardization.	
	Marking of products with signs of compliance with DSTU requirements. Liability	
	for violation of mandatory requirements of standards. State control and	
	supervision of compliance with the mandatory requirements of the standards.	
	International cooperation in the field of standardization.	
	Literature: [2] pp. 43-51; [4] pp. 46-54.	
	Tasks on SRS Financing of standardization works. Information provision of	
	standardization, its services and ownership of standards. Improvement of the	
	state standardization system and Ukraine's entry into the WTO. Harmonization	
	of standards.	
	Topic 4 Standardization in international organizations	
	Lecture No. 5. Standardization in ISO. Standardization in IES. Standardization	
	in European organizations. Standardization in the CIS.	
	Literature: [2] p.44-64; [4] pp. 59-74.	
	Tasks on SRS Perspectives of international standardization.	
3	Topic 5 Standardization in foreign countries	1
	Lecture No. 6. Standardization in the USA. Standardization in Great Britain.	*
	Standardization in other Asian countries.	
	Literature: [2] p.66-79; [4] pp. 49-64.	
	Tasks on SRS Standardization in France. Standardization in Germany.	
	Standardization in Japan.	
4	Topic 6 Basic provisions of the technological regulations and TU U in	1
,	Ukraine	-
	Lectures No. 7-8. Procedure for development, approval and implementation of	
	Technical Specifications in Ukraine. Introduction. Normative links. Terms.	
	Construction rules, teaching and design, Rules of consent and acceptance.	
	Marking rules.	
	Literature: [4] p.69-84.	
	Tasks for the SRS Procedure for development, approval and implementation of	
	technological regulations. Terms. Composition of technological regulations.	
	Requirements for the content of the main section of the technological regulation. Proceedure for developing technological regulations. The proceedure for drawing	
	Procedure for developing technological regulations. The procedure for drawing	
	up technological regulations. The procedure for agreeing technological	
	regulations. The procedure for approval and registration of technological	
	regulations. Term of validity of the technological regulation. The procedure for	
	canceling the technological regulation. Monitoring of implementation and	
	responsibility for violations of technological regulations;	
	(Technological regulation of newsprint production.	-
5	Topic 7 Regulations on conformity of products in Ukraine	1
	Lectures No. 9-10. General provisions, terms and definitions. Basic principles of	
	state policy in the field of conformity confirmation. Law on Technical	
	Regulations. Confirmation procedure and national mark of conformity.	
	Literature: [4] p.86-104, [7] p.16-45.	
	Tasks on the SRS Funding of compliance verification activities. International	
	cooperation of Ukraine in the field of compliance verification.	
6	Topic 8 Testing laboratories for products	1
	Lecture No. 11. General requirements for testing laboratories. Technical	

competence. Laboratory staff. Premises and environment. Testing equipment and measuring equipment. Test methods and procedures. Literature: [4] p.108-126; [5] pp. 19-35, [7] pp. 66-83. Tasks on SRS Quality system. Products and products being tested. Testing equipment and measuring equipment. Accreditation of testing laboratories Inspection control over the activities of accredited laboratories.	,
In total	6

Practical training

In the system of professional training of students in this discipline, practical classes occupy 50% of the classroom load. They lay and form the foundations of students' qualifications. The content of these classes and the method of conducting them should ensure the development of the creative activity of the individual. They develop scientific thinking and the ability to use special terminology, allow you to check knowledge, therefore this type of work is an important means of operational feedback. Practical classes should perform not only cognitive and educational functions, but also contribute to the growth of students as creative workers.

The main tasks of the cycle of practical classes and laboratory workshops:

- help students systematize, consolidate and deepen knowledge of a theoretical nature in the field of standardization, metrology and measurement accuracy;
- to teachtheir work with scientific and reference literature;
- to form skillsto learn independently, that is, to master the methods, methods and techniques of self-learning, self-development and self-control.

No. z/p	Name of the subject of the practical session and list of main questions (a list of didactic support, references to the literature and tasks on the SRS)	Hour
1	Practical lesson 1-2. General concepts regarding standardization bodies, their functions. Types of standards. Procedure for development and approval of standards. Scientific and methodical bases of standardization. Organization of work on standardization in Ukraine. Literature: [2] p12-21; [3] pp. 6-14; [7] p. 16-23. Tasks on SRS. Solving the issue for the purpose of general evaluation of the	1.5
2	development and approval of standards. Practical lesson 3-4. Marking of products with signs of compliance with DSTU requirements. Liability for violation of mandatory requirements of standards. State control and supervision of compliance with the mandatory requirements of the standards. Literature: [3] c. 49-64; [5] c.33-42. Tasks on SRS. International cooperation in the field of standardization.	1.5
3	Practical lesson 5-7. Basic principles of state policy in the field of conformity confirmation. Confirmation procedure and national mark of conformity. Literature: [1] c.92-101, [2] c.44-63. Tasks on SRS. Funding of compliance activities.	1.5
4	Practical lesson 8-9. Product testing and requirements for testing laboratories. Premises and environment. Testing equipment and measuring equipment. Literature: [4] c. 148-152; [7] c. 18-58. Tasks on SRS. Test methods and procedures in testing laboratories.	1.5
	In total	6

6. Independent work of the student

Independent work takes up 65% of the time of studying the credit module, including preparation for the credit. The main task of students' independent work is the mastery of scientific knowledge in areas that are not included in the list of theoretical foundations through personal search for information, formation of active interest in a creative approach in educational work. In the process of independent

work within the framework of the educational component, the student must learn to analyze modern methods of developing mathematical models.

No.	The name of the topic submitted for independent processing	Number of
z/p		hours of SRS
1	Chapter 1 Basics of standardization Tonic 1 Standardization Pasis concepts, Torres and definitions	
I	Topic 1 Standardization. Basic concepts. Terms and definitions SRS to topic 1Main presults, purpose, principles and objects of standardization. Literature: [4] p12-21; [1] pp. 6-14.	
	Topic 2 Topic 2 Classification of regulatory documentation (ND), procedure for development and approval of standards.	
	SRS to topic 2Basics of standardization. National standardization system. Scientific and methodical bases of standardization. Organization of work on standardization in Ukraine. The essence of standardization and its role in increasing the efficiency of the development of the national economy. Classification and coding of scientific, technical, economic and social information.	
	Literature: [2] pp. 34-41; [4] pp. 29-44.	
	Topic 3 Organization of standardization work in Ukraine. SRS to topic 3Financing of standardization works. Information provision of standardization, its services and ownership of standards. Improvement of the state standardization system and Ukraine's entry into the WTO. Harmonization of standards.	
	Literature: [2] pp. 43-51; [4] pp. 46-54.	
	Topic 4 Standardization in international organizations	
	SRS to topic 4Prospects of international standardization.	
	Literature: [2] p.44-64; [4] pp. 59-74.	
	Topic 5 Standardization in foreign countries	
	SRS to topic 5Standardization in France. Standardization in Germany.	
	Standardization in Japan.	94
	Literature: [2] p.66-79; [4] pp. 49-64.	94
	Topic 6 6 Basic provisions of the technological regulations and technical	
	specifications in Ukraine	
	SRS to topic 6Procedure for development, approval and implementation of	
	technological regulations. Terms. Composition of technological regulations.	
	Requirements for the content of the main section of the technological regulation.	
	Procedure for developing technological regulations. The procedure for drawing	
	up technological regulations. The procedure for agreeing technological	
	regulations. The procedure for approval and registration of technological regulations. Term of validity of the technological regulation. The procedure for	
	canceling the technological regulation. Monitoring of implementation and	
	responsibility for violations of technological regulations;	
	(Technological regulation of newsprint production.	
	Literature: [4] p.69-84.	
	Topic 7 Regulations on conformity of products in Ukraine.	
	SRS to topic 7Funding of compliance activities. International cooperation of	
	Ukraine in the field of compliance verification.	
	Literature: [4] p.86-104, [5] p.16-45.	
	Topic 8 Testing laboratories for products	
	Quality system. Products and products being tested. Testing equipment and	
	measuring equipment. Accreditation of testing laboratories. Inspection control	
	over the activities of accredited laboratories.	
	SRS to topic 8Quality system. Products and products being tested. Testing	
	equipment and measuring equipment. Accreditation of testing laboratories.	

	Inspection control over the activities of accredited laboratories.	
	Literature: [4] p.108-126; [5] pp. 19-35, [7] pp. 66-83.	
2	Preparation for MKR	2
3	Preparation for DKR	2
4	Preparation for the test	10
	Hours in general	108

Policy and control

7. Policy of academic discipline (educational component)

Rules of attending classes and behavior in classes

Attending classes is a mandatory component of the assessment. Students are obliged to take an active part in the educational process, not to be late for classes and not to miss them without a good reason, not to interfere with the teacher conducting classes, not to be distracted by actions unrelated to the educational process.

Rules for assigning incentive and penalty points

- incentive points can be awarded by the teacher exclusively for the performance of creative works in the discipline or additional completion of online specialized courses with the receipt of the appropriate certificate:
- https://www.coursera.org/learn/research-methods;
- https://ru.coursera.org/learn/metodologiya-nauchnyh-issledovanij-kotiki.

But their sum cannot exceed 10% of the rating scale.

• Penalty points are not provided within the academic discipline.

Policy of deadlines and rescheduling

In the event of arrears from the academic discipline or any force majeure circumstances, students should contact the teacher through the available (provided by the teacher) communication channels to resolve problematic issues and agree on the algorithm of actions for practice.

Policy of academic integrity

Plagiarism and other forms of dishonest work are unacceptable. Plagiarism includes the absence of references for the use of printed and electronic materials, quotes, opinions of other authors. Inadmissible tips and write-offs during writing tests, conducting classes; passing the exam for another student; copying materials protected by the copyright system without the permission of the author of the work. The policy and principles of academic integrity are defined in Chapter 3 of the Code of Honor of the National Technical University of Ukraine "Ihor Sikorsky Kyiv Polytechnic Institute". More details: https://kpi.ua/code

Policy of academic behavior and ethics

Students should be tolerant, respect the opinions of others, formulate objections in the correct form, constructively support feedback during classes.

Standards of ethical behavior of students and employees are defined in Chapter 2 of the Code of Honor of the National Technical University of Ukraine "Ihor Sikorskyi Kyiv Polytechnic Institute". More details: https://kpi.ua/code

8. Types of control and rating system for evaluating learning outcomes (RSO)

Distribution of study time by types of classes and tasks in the discipline according to the working study plan:

	Training time		Distribution of study hours				Control measures		
Semester	Credits	Acad.	Lectures	Practical	Lab.	SRS	MKR	DKR	Semester
	Credits	hours	Lectures	rracticar	practice	3713	77777	Ditit	control
3	4.0	120	6	6	-	104	1	1	Test

The student's rating in the discipline consists of the points he receives for:

The student's credit module rating consists of the points he receives for:

- 1) implementation and defense of 9 practical works;
- 2) two control papers (one MKR is divided into MKR-1, MKR-2) with a duration of one academic hour each);
- *3)* implementation of the DKR.

Semester control is credit.

1 We choose the "hard" version of RSO-1

2 Calculations of approximate values of weight points from each control measure

Next, the approximate values of the weight points for each control measure are calculated.

First of all, it is necessary to determine the value of tk - the educational time planned in the work program for the assimilation of educational material (knowledge and skills), which should be controlled by the k-th control measure.

2.1 Work in practical classes:

Each practical session is provided (on average) with two lectures and the corresponding time of SRS, therefore, when determining tl, we take into account 6 hours. classroom classes and 6 hours SRS related to these classes. Thus, tl = 14 hours.

- 2.3 Two ICRs provide verification of all educational material. Therefore, we take into account all the time spent on mastering the academic discipline, with the exception of 6 hours for credit. Thus, tmcr = 138:2=69 h.
- 2.4 DKR ensures verification of all educational material. Therefore, we take into account all the time spent on mastering the academic discipline, with the exception of 6 hours for credit. Thus, tmcr = 138:2 = 69 h.

3 Determination of approximate values of the corresponding weight points

Approximate values of the corresponding weight points are determined based on the calculation of the 100-point scale of RSO:

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\Sigma tk = tp × 3 + tl × 9 + tmkr × 3 = 12 × 3 + 14 × 9 + 69 × 2 = 300;
rp = 12 × 100 / 300 = 4.0; rl = 14 × 100 / 300 = 4.66; rmkr = 69 × 100 / 300 = 23.0.
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We finally determine weight points.

 $4 \times 3 + 4.7 \times 9 + 23 \times 2$ should equal 100 points. Therefore, let's make a certain correction:

rp = 5; rDKR = 1.5 rmkr = 20.

4Determination of the scale of points for the corresponding levels of assessment for each type of control

A scale of points is determined for the corresponding levels of assessment for each type of control. Taking into account the threshold values of 0.9 - 0.75 - 0.6 - 0, we have the following distribution:

a) Practical work.

Good work, correctly designed result, good and timely defense of work - 5 points;

1 point (but not more than 2 points) is deducted for a decrease in the indicator for one of the positions.

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b) Modular control work.

"excellent" - 20 points;

"very good" - 17 points;

"good" - 15 points;

"satisfactory" - 12 points;

"unsatisfactory" - 0 points.
c) Home test work.

"excellent" - 15 points;

"very good" - 13 points;

"good" - 11 points;

"satisfactory" - 9 points;

"unsatisfactory" - 0 points.
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A control check is carried out, namely: a student who received the minimum positive points for all controls will have at least 60 points in the end.

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3 \times 9 + 9 + 12 \times 2 = 60 points.
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System of rating points

1. Practical work

- under the condition of good work, correctly drawn up protocol, good and timely defense of work 5
 points;
- 1 point (but not more than 2 points) is deducted for a decrease in the indicator for one of the positions.

In case of non-admission to laboratory work due to unsatisfactory input control, a penalty (-1) point is charged.

2. Modular control work

- "excellent", complete answer (at least 90% of the required information) 20 points;
- "very good", a sufficiently complete answer (at least 80% of the required information), or a complete answer with minor inaccuracies - 17 points;
- "good", a sufficiently complete answer (at least 75% of the required information), or a complete answer with minor inaccuracies 15 points;
- "satisfactory", incomplete answer (at least 60% of the required information) and minor errors 12 points;

"unsatisfactory", an unsatisfactory answer (does not meet the requirements for "satisfactory") - 0 points.

3. Home test work

- "excellent", complete answer (at least 90% of the required information) 15 points;
- "very good", a sufficiently complete answer (at least 80% of the required information), or a complete answer with minor inaccuracies - 13 points;
- "good", a sufficiently complete answer (at least 75% of the required information), or a complete answer with minor inaccuracies - 11 points;
- "satisfactory", incomplete answer (at least 60% of the required information) and minor errors 9
 points;

"unsatisfactory", an unsatisfactory answer (does not meet the requirements for "satisfactory") - 0 points.

According to the results of educational work in the first 7 weeks, the "ideal student" should score 40 points.

At the first certification (8th week) a student is "enrolled" if his current rating is at least $0.5 \times 40 = 20$ points.

According to the results of 13 weeks, the "ideal student" should score 80 points.

On the second certification (week 14) a student is "enrolled" if his current rating is at least $0.5 \times 80 = 40$ points.

The maximum number of points is 100.

A necessary condition for admission to the credit is the enrollment of all practical works, all MKR and DKR.

To receive credit from the credit module "automatically" you need to have a rating of at least 60 points.

Students who scored on the grading scale F (40 points or less) are not allowed to take credit and must improve their rating.

Students who scored 41-59 (Fx score) or those who wish to improve their score take a credit test. At the same time, points earned during the semester are cancelled.

During the test, students answer 3 questions, each of which is worth 34 points.

The maximum number of points is $34 \times 3 = 100$ points.

Criteria for evaluating students' knowledge in the final test:

Completeness and signs of response	Points
"Excellent" is the complete answer to the question (at least 90% of the required information)	3432
"Very good", a sufficiently complete answer to the question (at least 80% of the required information), or a complete answer with minor inaccuracies	2927
"Good", a sufficiently complete answer to the question (at least 75% of the required information), or a complete answer with minor inaccuracies	2625
"Satisfactory", incomplete answer to the question (at least 60% of the required information) and minor errors	2120
"Unsatisfactory", unsatisfactory answer to the question (does not meet the requirements for "satisfactory")	0

Rating assessment from the credit control work:

R	University scale
95100 points	Perfectly
8594 points	Very good
7584 points	Fine
6574 points	Satisfactorily
6064 points	Enough
R<60 points	Unsatisfactorily
If rc<40 points or other admission conditions	Not allowed
are not met	

8. Additional information on the discipline (educational component)

List of questions of modular control works

Modular control work MKR-1

- 1. Define what STANDARDIZATION is.
- 2. Define what a STANDARD is.
- 3. Define what areas of activity and forms of ownership are covered by the Law of Ukraine "On Standardization"?
- 4. Define what is the main task of standardization?
- 5. Define what is the essence of standardization?
- 6. Define what is the priority direction of standardization in Ukraine?
- 7. Bringtypes of standards depending on the objects of standardization?
- 8. Bringtypes of standards depending on the level of the subject of standardization that adopted the standard?
- 9. Show how long the standards that were used during the production of products should be kept?
- 10. Name the standardization bodies established by the Law "On Standardization".

Modular control work (mcr-2)

- 11. leadWhat is the national mark of conformity of products to national standards?
- 12. Name the main tasks of state control and supervision of compliance with the mandatory requirements of standards.
- 13. Show who carries out state control and supervision of compliance with the mandatory requirements of the standards?
- 14. What is harmonization of standards?
- 15. Bringgenerally recognized task of ISO?
- 16. leadwhat is the national standards body in uk?
- 17. To characterize the labeling of products with signs of compliance with the requirements of DSTU.
- 18. State control over compliance with mandatory requirements of standards.
- 19. Describe the functions of testing laboratories (centers).
- 20. Name the requirements for the product quality assessment system.

An approximate list of questions that are submitted for semester control:

TICKET #_1_

1. Define standardization. Name its main concepts, terms and definitions.

TICKET # 2

1. Name the main results, purpose, principles and objects of standardization.

TICKET # 3

1. Name and describe the types of standards.

TICKET #_4_

1. Name the procedure for development and approval of standards.

TICKET Nº_5_

1. List and name the functions of standardization bodies.

TICKET Nº 6

1. Provide the procedure for applying the standards.

TICKET #7

1. To characterize the labeling of products with signs of compliance with the requirements of the State Technical Regulations.

TICKET Nº 8

1. Describe the responsibility for violating the mandatory requirements of the standards.

TICKET Nº_9_

1. To characterize state control over compliance with the mandatory requirements of the standards.

TICKET #_10_

1. Define the State supervision of compliance with the mandatory requirements of the standards.

TICKET #_11_

1. Define harmonization of standards.

TICKET #_12_

1. Define standardization in ISO.

TICKET #_13_

1. To characterize standardization in European organizations.

TICKET #_14_

1. Name the procedure for approval and implementation of Technical Specifications in Ukraine.

TICKET #_15_

1. To provide the procedure for the development of TU U in Ukraine.

TICKET #_16_

1. To characterize the labeling of products with signs of compliance with the requirements of the State Technical Regulations.

Working program of the academic discipline (syllabus):

Compiled associate professor, Ph.D., Ploskonos V.G.

Approveddepartment E and TRP (protocol No. 14 dated 18.05.2023)

AgreedMethodical commission of the IHF (protocol No. 10 dated 05/26/2023)